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Prices (including Postage) to
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\$ 3 per annum.

The China Mail.

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REASONABLE PRICES.

May 13, 1921, Temperature 80

ESTABLISHED 1848

Baremeter 29.71

Rainfall 0.00 inch

Humidity 86

May 13, 1920, Temperature 78

No. 18,257.

五拜禮

號三十月五年一十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1921

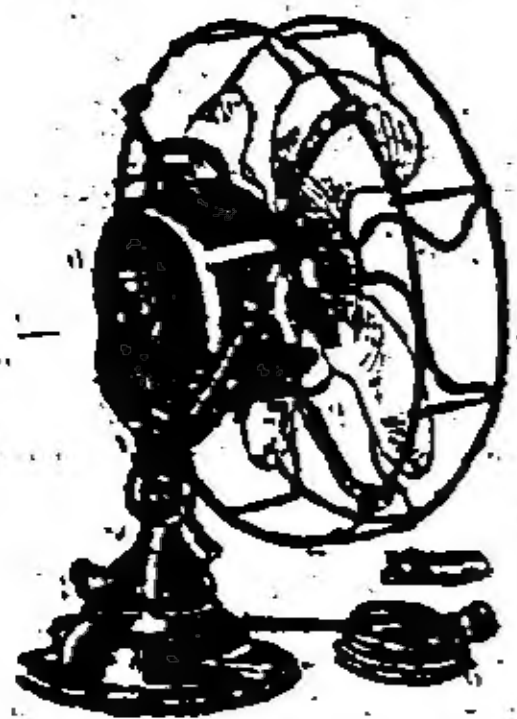
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has taught us that it is wise
WHEN BUYING A WATCH
to consider quality before price.
We have a stock of Pocket and
Wrist Watches of quality
THAT SATISFY!

J. ULLMANN & CO.

FRANKFURT, Germany.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

COAL STRIKE CRISIS.

SCOTTISH RAILWAYMEN STRIKE TO-NIGHT.

A GRAVE DEVELOPMENT.

LONDON, May 12.
There has been a grave development in the situation owing to the executive of the locomotive engineers and firemen's union instructing members not to work trains carrying blackleg coal. The executive adds that if members are penalised for refusal the executive will support them to the utmost, if necessary by strike.

STRIKE IN SCOTLAND.

LONDON, May 13.
The Glasgow and West Scotland branch of the railwaymen's union has decided to strike to-night to enforce the reinstatement of the suspended men who refused to handle imported coal. The decision was taken without the sanction of the executive of the railwaymen's union.

MAN'S FIGHT POLICE.

INSURGENTS MAY FLOUT LEADER'S COMMANDS.

LONDON, May 12.
According to telegrams received in London Korfanty has ordered the cessation of fighting in Silesia but it is doubtful whether the insurgents will carry out his instructions. Meantime the German forces, some of whom are uniformed are increasing. Telegrams received in Paris refer to sanguinary collisions between German and Polish irregulars. Mr. Lloyd George in the House of Commons said that no British troops had been involved.

REPARATION DEMANDS.

BRITISH RECOVERY ACT TO REMAIN IN FORCE.

LONDON, May 12.
In the House of Commons at question time, the Premier intimated that the Reparations Recovery Act would remain in force in spite of German acceptance of the allied proposals for the payment of indemnities.

LONDON, May 12.
Elucidation of the Premier's statement in the House of Commons this afternoon is gathered from a message from a Berlin correspondent, who learns from a trustworthy source, that in spite of the continued operation of the Reparations Recovery Act, Britain does not intend in respect of reparation to collect over 26 per cent. of the prescribed ultimatum.

EMPIRE'S EMIGRATION.

DETERRENT EFFECTS OF THE WAR STILL FELT.

LONDON, May 12.
A large falling off in emigration to various parts of the Empire during the past six years as a consequence of the war was revealed in the reply of Colonel Amery in the House of Commons to Lieut-Colonel Hilder who suggested that prior to the assembling of the Imperial conference the Government should prepare a comprehensive statement showing the recent emigration position. Colonel Amery, in undertaking to bear the suggestion in mind, said that the flow out to various parts of the Empire during the whole period from 1915 to 1918 totalled 87,487 compared with 285,046 in 1913. The figures for 1919 were 115,269, and last year 198,593.

DJAMBI OILFIELD MONOPOLY.

AMERICAN PROTEST TO HOLLAND RECEIVED TOO LATE.

WASHINGTON, May 12.
The State Department has received a summary of the Dutch reply to the American protest against awarding the Djambi oilfield monopoly to the Batavia Oil Company. It is understood that the reply contends that the protest was too late as Parliament had already legislated on the matter. American officials are considering the despatch of a further communication.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.

MATCH WITH YORKSHIRE CONTINUED.

LONDON, May 12.
Play was continued in fine weather after overnight rain, before 15,000 spectators. Owing to the soft wicket scoring was difficult. Yorkshire make 197 for 8 wickets, Rhodes scoring 63 and Sutcliffe 45.

AUSTRALIAN ARMS EMBARGO.

MELBOURNE, May 12.
The Commonwealth Government has prohibited the exportation of arms and munition to China.

TRADE FREEDOM VITAL.

BANKERS URGE LIBERATION FROM POLITICAL RESTRICTIONS.

OUR NATIONAL EXPENDITURE RUINOUS.

LONDON, May 15.
A manifesto signed by 25 of the most prominent bankers urges the liberation of trade from political restrictions and declares that it is essential that no measures be taken which will check the free exchange of British goods. The manifesto considers that the present national expenditure is ruinous and contends that limitation of imports means limitation of our exports. "Trade is exchange." It is only by exports that foreign nations can re-establish their credit and provide funds for the payment of their debts. "Control hampering imports will only retard the improvement of Continental exchanges and prevent the natural recovery of trade. Such legislation would bestow a limited benefit to the detriment of larger output and increase the difficulty for British traders in competing successfully in world markets."

THE DOLLAR.

To-day's closing rate 2/6 1/8
To-day's opening rate 2/6 1/8

FAMINE MIDST PLENTY.

WOMAN ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

A PATHETIC STORY.

LAUNCH COXSWAIN'S GALLANT RESCUE.

A pathetic story was brought to light when a woman who is alleged to have jumped into the harbour from the Praya at Kennedy Town with a baby tied to her back, was yesterday afternoon removed with her child to the Government Civil Hospital.
Another woman in her company raised the alarm and the coxswain of steam launch "SD. 7" which was in the vicinity, jumped in and rescued the mother and child.
The woman, her child and her mother had come to Hongkong about a week ago from the famine areas where her husband had perished. What little money they had with them was soon expended and for the last two days they had to subsist on one meal a day and sleep in the streets. Yesterday, having exhausted her scanty funds without succeeding in finding work, the woman was unable to face the prospect of starvation, and in a fit of despair, she decided to end her days.

GOODNESS OF CHANCE.

DEVOTEES ABANDONED.

POLICE SEIZE LOTTERY TICKETS.

Inspector Pitt, officer in charge of Samshui, this morning charged a Chinese youth before Magistrate O'Connell with the unlawful possession of 400 paper lottery tickets, and with the printing of the tickets in a house on Changyee Island, Chinwan. The defendant admitted possession of the tickets and said that he was paid to bring them in from Changyee. To the other charge, he entered a plea of "not guilty." The Inspector said that he was prepared to accept the defendant's plea and withdraw the second charge against him. Outlining the facts of the case, he said that yesterday afternoon the defendant was seen landing from a sampan at Samshui carrying several bundles which were found to contain the lottery tickets. The witness obtained a permit and raided a house on Changyee Island where he seized a printing machine, a large quantity of types and some lottery tickets in the process of printing. The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$3,000 or, in default, three months' hard labour, and ordered the confiscation of the printing gear. The lottery tickets will be destroyed.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Mr. John MacLaren Meikle of the "Laisang" has passed his examination as first mate.

Miss Cossley Bati, O.B.E., B.A., D.S.C., celebrated English journalist and orator is visiting the Orient and is a guest at the Hongkong Hotel.

In consequence of the return of His Excellency the Governor (Sir R. E. Stubbs) yesterday, the Hon. Dr. Cland Severn, C.M.G. who has been acting in the capacity of Officer Administering the Government during His Excellency's absence, will resume as Colonial Secretary and the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe who has been relieving in the latter capacity will revert to the position of Captain Superintendent of Police.

Sergeant Kelly, of No. 2, Police Station, this morning charged a Chinese before Magistrate Orme with the unlawful possession of 5,000 dutiable cigarettes. The defendant said that he was a coal coolie, and was employed by a man whom he met on board a ship to take the cigarettes ashore. He walked behind the man until he met Sergeant Kelly, when the man disappeared. The Sergeant said that he saw the defendant in Praya East, near Taiwong Street, going at a "half bottle" towards Nullah Lane. The defendant's movements aroused the suspicion. The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$500 or, in default, one month's hard labour, and ordered the confiscation of the cigarettes.

BUSINESS NOTICES

You can't possibly get wet in the
Mattamac
19-OUNCE Featherweight Waterproof
A "Mattamac" is identical in appearance with the usual five guinea Waterproof. In utility, also, it equals its much more costly competitor. It wears as long, weighs one-third, and is absolutely waterproof.
Folds into a handkerchief. All Sizes in Stock.

First Grade \$30.00 each
MACKINTOSH
& CO., LTD.
Men's Wear Specialists.
16, Des Vaux Road. Telephone 29.

WE ARE NOW CARRYING
STOCKS OF HIGH CLASS
DUTCH HAVANA CIGARS
THE PHARMACY
22, Queen's Road. Tel. 345

TO-DAY'S RECIPE

CREAM & LA
PORTUGUESE

Ingredients:—2 oz. ground rice, 1 pint milk, a little vanilla essence, 1 oz. sugar, 2 oz. preserved ginger, a few glacé cherries, 1½ oz. tin "NESTLE'S" Pure Rich Cream.
Method:—Put the milk into a pan with the sugar and ground rice, and stir until boiling and cook it well for a few minutes. Add the ginger and cherries, and pour when cool into a glass dish. Whisk the cream with a little sugar and 2 teaspoonfuls ginger syrup. Decorate the dish with the cream, whipped, put through a fancy filter, and a few cherries and ginger on the top.



NESTLE'S REAL CREAM

Obtainable at all Stores.

TWO SIZES 5½ oz. & 11½ oz.

ESTABLISHED 1900.
DISS BROS.
TAILORS
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, TEL. 2343.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.
WINE MERCHANTS.
Tel. 636. Tel. 634.

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AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT
AND ADMIRALTY.
Coal Contractors
General Brokers.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the Government).

WEDNESDAY

May 18, 1921, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS AND TEAKWOOD TWIN BEDSTEADS, CARPETS.

Also, etc., etc., comprising—

Dining Suites, Chesterfield Sofas, Arm-chairs (new), Card and Occasional Tables, Teakwood Twin Bedsteads, large and small Wardrobes, Dressing Tables and Chairs, Washstands, &c., (fumed Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Dinner Services, Crockery, & Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Electro-plated Ware, One American Ice Chest.

Electric Reading Lamp, Screen, Sundry Blackwood Furniture, Chairs, Cabinets, Pictures, &c.

Also
One Sporting Gun and Automatic Pistol.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 12, 1921.

G. R.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY,

May 20, 1921, at 10.30 a.m., at Royal Army Service Corps Pier.

W. D. Vessel "HERCULES"

Length - - - 85 feet.

Beam - - - 17 " 2 inches.

Depth - - - 10 " 3 "

Displacement Tonnage 170 Tons.

Engine - - - Cox's Falmouth.

Horse Power - - 350 H.P.

Knots 10. Working Pressure per square inch 150 lbs.

Materials of Construction Wood to water line Iron Plated.

Approximate Carrying Capacity 25 Tons or 100 Passengers.

As she now lies.

A detailed list of fittings to be sold with the ship may be seen at these offices.

The vessel will be open to inspection from 17th May to the day of sale inclusive between hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

Permits for inspection will be issued on application to the undersigned.

Ship cannot be viewed without permit.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers to the Government.

Hongkong, May 9, 1921.

MUMEYA

Japanese Photographers.

We have removed our Premises to No. 26A, Queen's Road, C.

Sitting hours from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Passport photos finished in one hour.

All the most Beautiful Women use
CREME SIMON
For Beauty, Whiteness, Preservation, of the Skin.

Apply Cream to all Exposed Parts of the Epidermis, using the skin and wash. Absolutely unrefined.
Does not dry or produce flaking.
By all Chemists, Dispensaries, Perfumers and Grocers.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS & INSERTIONS, \$1. PREPAID.

Every additional word 4 Cents for 8 insertions.

TO LET.

ONE LARGE GODOWN, (known as the Moch's Wanchai Godown). Two Large Rooms with Verandah situated Queen's Road East, suitable for European's Residence. Apply to LEE Hsiao & Co., 202, Queen's Road Central.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ONE or TWO LOTS of LAND, in Jordan Road, Kowloon, about seven minutes by Ricksha from Ferry. For plan & further particulars apply Box 1238, c/o "China Mail."

INTIMATIONS.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Company's Offices, St. George's Building, on SATURDAY, 21st May, 1921, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 28th February, 1921, and electing Directors and Auditor. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 14th to the 21st May, 1921, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Hongkong, May 4, 1921.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 48th ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Society will be held at its Head Office, Nos. 3 and 4, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, May 27th, 1921, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1920, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Society will be CLOSED from 14th May to 27th May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MONTAGUE EDE,
General Manager.
Hongkong, May 5, 1921.

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 55th ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Nos. 3 and 4, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, May 27th, 1921, at 12.30 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1920, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 14th May to 27th May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MONTAGUE EDE,
General Manager.
Hongkong, May 5, 1921.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 52nd ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its Head Office, Nos. 3 and 4, Queen's Buildings, on FRIDAY, May 27th, 1921, at 12.45 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1920, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 14th May to 27th May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. MONTAGUE EDE,
General Manager.
Hongkong May 5, 1921.

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

BANK HOLIDAY—WHIT MONDAY

A DINNER DANCE will be held on MONDAY, the 16th May, 1921.
Hongkong, May 11, 1921.

MASSAGE.

MR. HONDA and MRS. HONDA.
14 years' experience.
No. 24, Wyndham Street.
(Opposite to the China Mail).

INTIMATIONS.

BANK HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1919, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY, 16th instant.
Hongkong, May 11, 1921.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OFFICE.

THIS DEPARTMENT will be open for all purposes till Noon on MONDAY, the 16th May. Licensed Warehouses will be entirely closed on that day.
N. L. SMITH, Superintendent.
Imports and Exports.
Hongkong, May 11th, 1921.

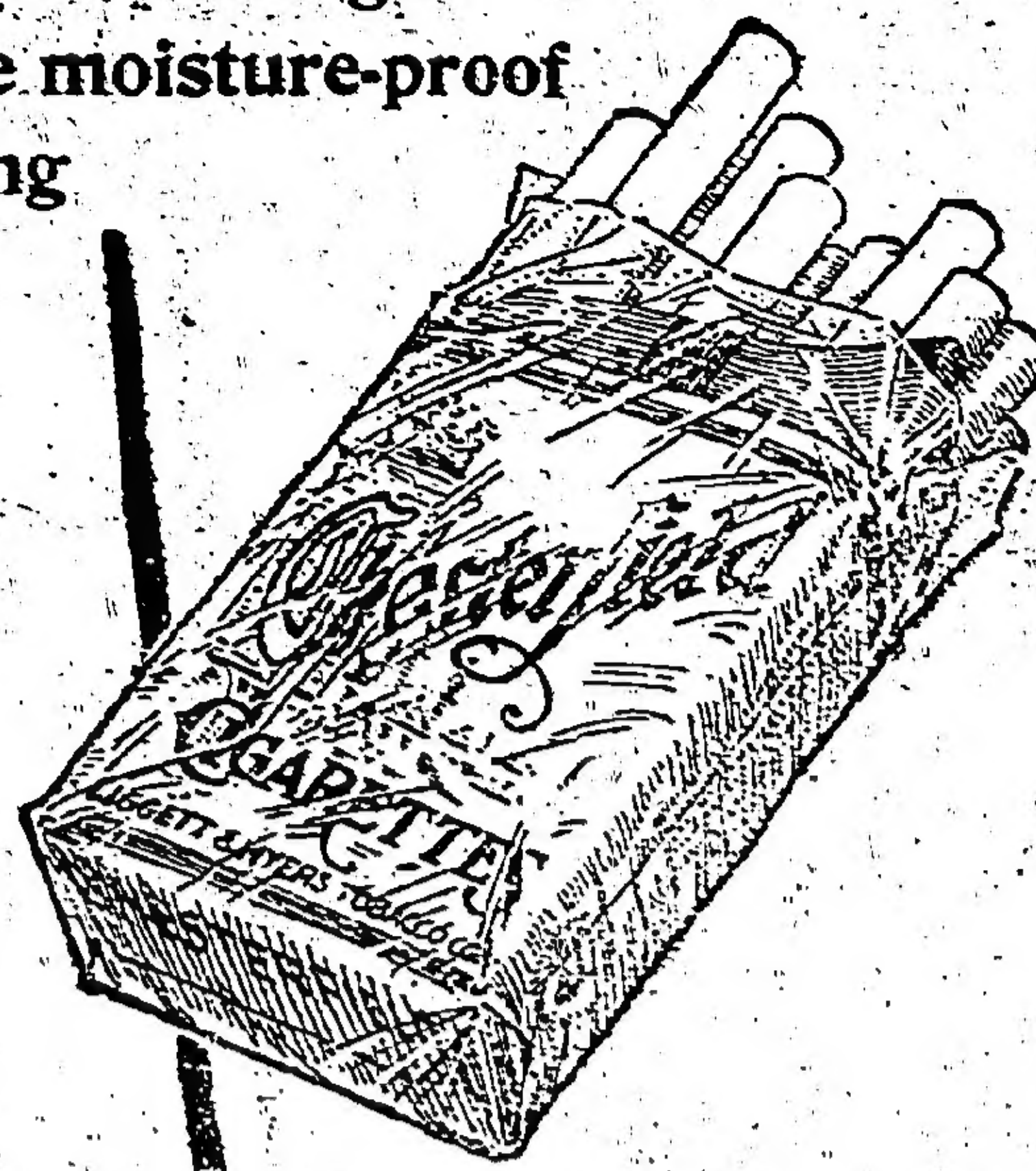
HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of May, 1921, at NOON, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the following resolutions:—

1. That the Directors of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation be and they are hereby requested and authorised by and on behalf of the shareholders of the Company to take the steps necessary for the introduction of an Ordinance into the Legislative Council of the Colony of Hongkong and for the enactment of the same by the Governor of Hongkong with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof to effect the amendments necessary to the Ordinances under which the Company is incorporated and carrying on business so as to allow of the capital of the Company being from time to time increased from 20 millions of dollars to the present authorised capital of the Company to 50 millions of dollars.
2. That the Capital of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation be forthwith increased from \$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000 by the creation of 40,000 New Shares of \$125 each to be issued at the price of \$70 on the terms after mentioned. Shareholders on the Eastern Register to pay for their allotment at the rate of exchange for the Company's demand Bill on London on the day on which the instalments are due.
3. That the said New Shares be in the first instance, in such manner as the Directors shall prescribe for that purpose, offered to shareholders in the proportion of one New Share for every three shares of which on the 28th day of May, 1921, Shareholders shall respectively be the registered Holders, and that any New Shares not accepted by Shareholders within the time limited by the Directors for that purpose be disposed of and allotted by the Directors in such manner and at such price as in their discretion they shall think best in the interests of the Company.
4. That the payment of the sum of \$70 per share for each of the said New Shares be made as follows, viz:—
1st instalment of £35 on the 1st of July, 1921.
2nd and final instalment of £35 on the 1st day of October, 1921.
5. That the Directors issue to Shareholders, holding shares less than or not a multiple of three, a fractional certificate in respect of each share less than three or in excess of a multiple of three and allot one New Share to every person who shall produce three such Fractional Certificates on or before the 1st day of July, 1921, and pay the first instalment in respect thereof.
6. That after payment of the instalment, and pending payment of the remaining instalment, Scrip Certificates in such form as the Directors may determine be issued in respect of such New Shares entitling the holders on payment of the remaining instalment, and subject to such other terms as to approval, date for lodging scrip certificates and otherwise as the Directors may prescribe, to be registered as the owner of the shares respectively represented by such Scrip Certificates.
7. That interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum be allowed out of the profits of the Company on instalments paid in advance of the date when the same become due, and that registered holders of Scrip Certificates for New Shares be entitled in respect of such New Shares to participate in future dividends on an equality with the old shares, in proportion to the instalments paid up, and from due dates for payment of same.
8. That interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum be charged on each instalment not punctually paid, and be paid with each such instalment.
9. That all moneys received from premium on the said New Shares be added to the Sterling Reserve Fund.

FOR THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
A. G. STEPHEN,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, April 28, 1921.

This is the package with the moisture-proof wrapping



that keeps Chesterfield's original flavor and freshness intact. Your Chesterfields never become either soggy or dry. They always reach you in prime shape for smoking.

And, Chesterfields do something for your smoke-longing that you have always wished a cigarette would do—they let you know you are smoking—and they satisfy.

The blend does it, and the blend cannot be copied.

Lightly and smoothly

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

—of Turkish and American tobaccos—blended

20 for 20 cts.

They Satisfy!

INTIMATIONS.

EX SERVICE ASSOCIATION.

AT A MEETING convened by H. E. The General Officer Commanding, Sir G. M. KIRKPATRICK, K.C.B., K.C.S.I. in the R. A. THEATRE, Hongkong, at 5.30 p.m. on THURSDAY, April 21st, 1921, it was unanimously decided to form an Ex. Service Association in Hongkong and China under the title of—

"THE BRITISH LEGION"

Hongkong & China Branch, which it is hoped all Ex. Service Men or Women, of whatever rank will join.

A pamphlet setting out the objects of the Legion and forms of application for Membership and Associate Membership may be had on application to the

Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, "BRITISH LEGION," 14, Pedder Street, Hongkong.

Hongkong, May 11, 1921.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

WHOLESALE Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including

Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries, China, Earthenware and Glassware, Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories, Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods, Fancy Goods and Perfumery, Hardware, Machinery and Metals, Jewellery, Plate and Watches, Photographic and Optical Goods, Provisions and Groceries, etc., etc.

Commission 2 1/2% to 5%. Trade Discounts allowed. Special Quotations on Demand. Sample Orders from £10 upwards. Consignments of Produce sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS (Incorporated in S.S.)
25, ABchurch Lane, London, E.C.4.
Cable Address: "ASSURANCE" London.

NOW IS THE TIME

FOR RHEUMATISM you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Pain-Ex-Drive. Now is the time to get rid of it. Try this liniment and see how quickly it will relieve the pain and soothe the inflamed parts. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

AUSTRALIA'S CHANCE.

(Continued from page 2.)

He had been told that Japan had made progress and that China had not. It was true that China had made no spectacular advances such as had marked the recent history of Japan. But China was a nation of 400,000,000 people and real advancement had been made in her conditions. China to-day was evidencing the re-birth of a nation. Mr. Little sought for an illustration of China's immensity. "Imagine some giant arising near Cape York and pouring gas down upon Australia and wiping out our population of 5,000,000. It would shock the world. For generations people would talk about the awful calamity. To-night, while I am talking, that number and twice that number are dying of famine in China in the most social way, surrounded by every horror that we can think of. Twice the population of this continent is perishing and the newspapers of the world now and again have perhaps two lines or no lines at all about the passing away of those millions. It makes no impression on the world and it makes no impression on China. The dying of five millions in China makes no more impression on that nation than if you removed a glass of water from the Indian Ocean."

Dealing with the trade needs of China, Mr. Little emphasised the market for suits of clothing, tweeds, worsteds, boots, hats, bedding, and furniture. To-day it was only the Chinese who had come in contact with foreigners who wanted those things, yet China was importing millions of tons of wool, woollen goods and suitings. In Shanghai the finest motor cars were owned by Chinese. It was proposed to build roads through China. That would create a greater demand for motor cars. In the restaurants were foreign-made plates, cups, knives, forks, and tinned fruits. Where did those things come from? From America, not from Australia. There was nothing the Chinese used which the Chinese did not use and want. Their standard of living was rising and an increasing number were able to buy

our things. Trade possibilities were almost unlimited. The total trade of China during the last year for which figures were available was \$430,000,000. Of that Australia's share was a little over \$300,000. The British Empire accounted for \$160,000,000, Japan for \$158,000,000, and America for \$70,000,000. An Australian merchant might say, "That is all very well, but America is more developed than we are. Australia cannot compete with her. Take the case of Canada, however. That was a fair comparison. In the last seven years Canada had increased her trade with China from \$600,000 to \$8,000,000. If Canada could do that, Australia could do it also. (Hear, hear). Australians were too apostolic. Was it not St. Paul who said 'I have learned in whatever state I am therein to be content?' How many Australians said the same thing? Part of his mission through the Commonwealth had been to make Australia discontented and to break up that feeling of satisfaction with what had been done. Australians had got to get up and do something. They should also be quite clear in their minds that there were no stacks of goods, lying on Chinese wharves waiting for Australians to come and buy them. The Chinese nation was not standing still waiting for Australia. All the nations were in fighting for the trade. Australia must do the same. The trade would not be for Australia unless Australians went and took it. (Hear, hear)."

"I hope when I get back to China," concluded Mr. Little, "that I will be able to lead Australian manufacturers and producers in a great commercial fight, and that we will be able to plant our flag in China and keep it flying. It will be heartbreaking for me if I am not backed up by Australians here." (Applause).
Replying to a question concerning linguistic difficulties in establishing relations the Commissioner urged any Australian firm contemplating trade with China to select young, educated men as its representatives and to insist upon their learning the Chinese dialect.
"A vote of thanks to Mr. Little, at the instance of the president of the Chamber of Manufacturers (Mr. Gray) terminated the proceedings."



Your Baby's Early Days

Baby's natural food is mother's milk. If he cannot get this you must give him food which is practically identical with mother's milk. Only so can you keep Baby well and happy.

The 'Allenburys' Foods provide exactly what Baby needs to make him strong and healthy during the first critical months.

The Allenburys Foods

Milk Baby Happy and Strong. MILK FOOD No. 1 - 7 lbs. tins to 1 month. MILK FOOD No. 2 - 7 lbs. tins to 1 month. MILK FOOD No. 3 - 7 lbs. tins to 1 month. Obtainable of all Chemists ALLEN & HANBURY Ltd., London.



There's a LONG, LONG TRAIL of Bugs, Fleas, Flies, Beetles, Mosquitoes, etc., all killed by

KEATING'S

KEATING'S

Finest London Gin

BURNETT'S

FINE DRY,
FINE OLD TOM.

Sole Agents:

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

Telephone No. 318

Wm. **Powell** Ltd.
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60, Des Vaux Road, CENTRAL.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1921.

CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM

Although for reasons we have given and expounded until we, if not you, are tired of them, we are sceptical about the chances of Constitutional Reform under the much quartered banner of the present Association, we must support the petition now being prepared for the House of Commons, and urge that every citizen making any pretension to public spirit should sign it. We share the point of view of Mr. McGowan, but are willing to accept whatever the Association can get for us as an instalment of the more we will undoubtedly ultimately demand. There can be no doubt that at present public opinion on this matter has been already very fairly expressed by the China Mail. The Constitutional Reformers made use of the public feeling against the increased Home Tax to get a good attendance for a meeting that otherwise would not have been a good "draw." This is amusing because the more public champions of Constitutional Reform did not, at the last opportunity, oppose the new Home Tax with the same vigour and enthusiasm that they show for a transference of power from Tweedledum to Tweedledee. The public, by which we mean the majority of wage earners, has no faith in the promise of better con-

ditions as a result of the partial reforms proposed.

Take the chairman's argument in favour of the retention of the Chamber of Commerce representation on the Council, which is objected to as robbing the reform of its right democratic flavour. The members of the Chamber of Commerce, who are men like the rest, would under the scheme enjoy double representation. Mr. Pollock put up for admiration the venerable and respectable argument that because trade is our "life-blood," the direct representation of the Chamber should be retained "in order that the views of the Chamber upon commerce and shipping should be represented in Council." On that argument, the Chinese Chamber of Commerce should have representation. The views of the Chamber are given to the Government at present by correspondence, as anyone can see who studies the annual report of the Chamber. In practice, we know that all the Chamber representative usually does is to ask for an adjournment in order to ascertain the views of his Chamber. No one man can ever regularly answer for what the Chamber as a body will think about any measure arising. So our "life-blood" would be safe, trade and shipping be guarded, and the representation of the views of the Chamber would stand where it actually does now, if the Reform Association agreed to waive this objectionable claim to direct representation of one section of the public.

There would be more enthusiasm for a more general franchise, aiming at an out-and-out unofficial majority; and there is no danger in going what has been called "the whole hog" because the Home veto would still remain as now. At present we have three vetoes, two overt, one concealed. We have the Royal Veto (which means really the veto of the London officials), the local official veto, and the subterranean or camouflaged veto of the interests.

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RETRAYED!

The unhappy truth of the assertion that in imperial affairs there is no responsible Government in Great Britain at all finds glaring illustration in the recent discomfiture shown by Mr. Lloyd George for the assent of the Commons as to whether the country should be committed to further occupation in Germany under the reparations demands, and the statement made by Mr. Austen Chamberlain in the House on Wednesday, in answer to a question if the Commons would have an opportunity to discuss the Anglo-Japanese alliance before its final ratification, that no pledges could be given hampering the treaty powers of the Crown. Indeed, the unflinching indifference with which the Premier appears to have regarded the motion moved by Commander Kenworthy—that the House debate the Government's refusal to seek the assent of Parliament before concurring with further occupation in Germany—"a motion so obviously opportune and reasonable that its fate was almost inevitable, defeat by an overwhelming vote—gives unpleasant emphasis to the fact that for purposes of foreign policy the Empire is governed not by the elected representatives of the people, but by a foreign agent that blithely contracts secret treaties—secret, incidentally observe with the world still in ruins as the result of the old bankrupt diplomacy—and never so much as deigns to announce them to the people whose lives and property may be in pawn. With the "war to save democracy" and many of the heroic sentiments it inspired fast becoming a memory, with the speedy return of all the old political views that were to have been swept aside forever in the holocaust of war, with the weary masses swiftly drifting back into the crude mental condition that makes wars possible, Mr. Lloyd George could perhaps complacently disagree with the view that representatives of the Government could not commit the country as regards a particular course of action, cheerfully indifferent to the practical certitude that the particular course of action would still further deplete an already heavily burdened treasury and perhaps even involve the further loss of valuable lives. The merits of that "particular course of action," on this occasion, good or bad, do not affect the issue, which also has no concern with the complex considerations that may render the Anglo-Japanese alliance desirable or undesirable in a world that may even yet find release from the craft and intrigue of the old diplomacy, so soon revived after the war, in a league of nations—on absolute justice. Our purpose will be served if it is realized that there is a bitter meaning, perhaps quite unsuspected by the author, to the quotation "There is a higher law than the constitution." That law—a law unto himself, irresponsible and opportunist—is the Premier, who has only to be a dominant personality like Mr. Lloyd George to exercise absolute sway over the Foreign Office, the bureaucratic power that can commit a hapless country to a policy jeopardising the lives of millions before the House of Commons, which is at least recognised by the people if it no longer properly represents them, can resort to its only redress, if that be possible at a time when perhaps the very existence of the nation is imperilled, and refuse to vote supplies—too late!

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending April 30, 1921, amounted to 98,333 tons and the sales during the period, to 65,057 tons.

Madame Schumann-Heink, the world-famous opera and concert singer, sailed from the United States for the Far East on April 28 and is due to reach Yokohama on May 10. She intends to make a concert tour through Japan, China and the Philippines.

The day after the China Mail steamer "Nile" had left Yokohama for San Francisco, the ship reported by wireless that Mr. Frank Myers, a cabin passenger, could not be found on board. Mr. Myers embarked on the vessel at Shanghai, and he held the post of district accountant, Chinese Postal Administration of Hupoh province, stationed at Hankow, and was going on a year's leave to his home in Missouri.

A successful what drive was held at the Catholic Men's Club last evening. The following were the prize winners:—Ladies: 1. Miss Brock (173); 2. Mrs. Brock (168); 3. Miss Fife (168); 4. Miss Bailey (174); 5. Mr. Lewis (174); 6. Mr. Town (172); 7. Mr. Brown (133). Mr. R. W. Brown performed the duties of M. C. and the prizes were presented by Mr. W. G. Fitz Gibbon.

If we are to go in for loans, and that seems to us both necessary and desirable, we should endeavour to make them long term, attractive securities in which trustees can invest with confidence and in which private persons, or for the matter of that public bodies, will feel that they have the two greatest possible advantages—a fair rate of interest over a long term, and a free market with ready sale at whatever may be the money rate of the day, says the *Strait Times*. To make its loans really attractive a Colonial Government must keep these points in view, and it is bound to do a little in the matter of interest in order to secure them.

At the Magistracy yesterday afternoon, Magistrate Orme heard a case in which a butcher's faki was charged with having obtained \$40 by false pretences. Mr. Leo d'Almada who defended, entered a plea of "not guilty." Mr. C. F. Mason, who conducted the prosecution, said that the defendant was alleged to have collected money for his employer and then misappropriated it. After hearing the evidence the Magistrate dismissed the case. Mr. d'Almada applied for the return of the \$40 which formed the subject of the charge. The Magistrate however held that the money was not bona fide intended to be paid in settlement of the debt due from the debtor to the defendant, and refused the application.

BOGUS DUCHESS.

SWINDLING CHARGES.

OVERPOWERING IMPERIAL AIR.

A pretty milliner who has been successfully passing herself in Berlin, as a Russian grand duchess, came before the courts to answer a number of charges of swindling. In one case she got 50,000 marks (nominally £2,500) for wine which existed only in her imagination.

In court her imperial air was overpowered. She asked why no flags had been hung in her honour. When a doctor questioned her sanity she forgot that she was a grand duchess and astonished the court by a flood of abuse in the richest Berlin slang. She was remanded for an inquiry into the state of her mind.

UNCENSORED FILMS.

EMPTY KINEMAS.

LAW EXCLUDING CHILDREN.

Owing to the new law that forbids children under 16 to see uncensored films, Brussels kinemas are nearly empty until the evening. The theatres are glowing over the fact and are staging special matinees for children during the Easter holidays. Plays with plenty of action and boy and girl actors as leading man and woman have been put on. At the children's promise it will be astonishing, especially as they have actually reduced their prices and mean to put up a stiff fight to retain their advantage.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

The Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, and Mrs. Holyoak reached Yokohama from Hongkong on the "Venezuela" on April 28. They are on a short holiday in Japan.

Lady Chater, wife of Sir Paul Chater of Hongkong, spent a day in Yokohama on April 28. Lady Chater who is en route to England on a visit was a passenger on the "Venezuela."

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THE BANGKOK DAILY MAIL SAYS—

The public morals in Singapore must have improved a lot in recent years, for the powers that be there actually permit a race sweep. And, by the way, talking of Singapore and sweeps, the compradors, chin-chews and others on some of the boats running there from Bangkok are reported to be most decidedly profiteering on the local million-lottery tickets. It is said that, down south, they sell these one ticket tickets for as much as \$2 apiece. I only hope that those who purchase them know that to be safe they have to inscribe their names on the contraband—and have not allowed the vendors to place theirs on them. For alas! such things have happened.

Mr. C. E. Edgcombe, of May Road, yesterday charged his two chair coolies before Magistrate Lindell with having refused to obey his orders. He said that while proceeding up Peak Road on Wednesday afternoon, he had occasion to remonstrate with the coolies for jolting the chair too much. The men put down the chair and refused to go any further. He had to walk home whence he telephoned for the police and had the defendants removed to the station. The complainant said that the No. 1 coolie was a good worker, but possessed a violent temper, and had on many occasions frightened Mrs. Edgcombe. The defendants alleged that Mr. Edgcombe was intoxicated on the afternoon in question and insisted that they should put down the chair at a spot where traffic was busiest. They naturally refused to obey him. The Magistrate convicted both men. The No. 1 coolie whose demerit in Court was very in dispute throughout the case, was fined \$10 and the other \$5.

A HONGKONG VETERAN.

LINK WITH PAST RETIRES.

JAMES SULLIVAN'S CAREER.

There is staying at Mr. Oxberry's hotel in Kowloon an old gentleman whose discourse is well worth hearing. He is an old soldier wears a ribbon that puzzles some officers, born after the events it signifies. Mr. James Sullivan, in his 69th year, is leaving the employment of the Kowloon Dock Company, and going to Sydney about the end of this month to join his son, who was with the Anzacs in the World War.

Mr. Sullivan was with the 68th Berkshire Regiment in India, was a survivor of the Malian disaster, and with the besieged in Kandahar when that place was relieved by Lord Roberts, after the historic march, nearly half a century ago. He went through the Afghan war in 1880, and was discharged in Bombay and went to Australia, where in 1881 he joined the New South Wales Artillery. He came to Hongkong as long ago as 1887—34 years ago—and was employed at the jail under a superintendent he remembers as "General" Gordon. Needless to say, this was not the Chinese Gordon who died at Khartoum. After a short while (1892) he joined the staff of the Naval Yard, where Commodore Palliser, who knew his old colonel, often chatted with him about the past. The Commodore recommended Mr. Sullivan for the job of Consular Constable at Amoy. He got it, and served there 24 years. He now draws the pension for that. He retired eight years ago from Kowloon, and went to Shanghai, but almost immediately came to Hongkong again and joined the Dock Company. It may be remembered that three years ago he was nearly killed by falling 33 feet into the No. 1 Caisson, hatches having been left open by someone. That weakened him a lot, and he was given a lighter job as storekeeper. But he is still remarkably spry, and gets about quite a lot. He is a bright old gentleman whose heart stays young, and he has lots of friends to whom this news item will be most interesting. All will wish him a happy and healthy retirement in the beautiful city of Sydney.

KINEMA NOTES.

CORONET THEATRE.

"THROUGH THE WRONG DOOR." Featuring Madge Kennedy in one of her most captivating roles, "Through the Wrong Door," the superb Goldwyn production at the head of the capital programme now being shown at the Coronet Theatre, is a picture that is well worth going to see.

Romance, adventure and mystery will find a place in an attractive comedy-drama that is crammed with surprising situations superbly portrayed. Briefly put, the story centres around the romantic adventures of Isabelle Carter, daughter of a not over-scrupulous financier, and Burt Radcliffe, a young mining engineer who is just beginning to reap the reward of years of strenuous toil when Isabelle's father comes along to cheat him out of it. Opening among the wide, free spaces of the West, which provide rare scenic opportunities of which the camera man has taken the fullest advantage, the story undergoes a transfer in scene to "luxury-loving" New York where the two central figures in the romance renew their acquaintance under circumstances which have provided the title of the piece. One evening, caught in a terrible rainstorm, Isabelle enters the wrong house and is greeted by Radcliffe who appreciates her embarrassment and seeks to make her at home. So well does he succeed in his hospitable endeavour that comradeship brings the pair of them into a closer relationship which, despite all opposition, has its sequel in a midnight marriage. "Through the Wrong Door" provides Madge Kennedy with ample opportunity to display those qualities of brilliancy and charm that have made her name famous as a moving picture artist and John Bowers, too, as the breezy young Westerner achieves conspicuous success in a role for which he is eminently suited.

Supporting the Goldwyn feature is a cleverly produced comedy which portrays an entertaining chapter from the diverting experiences of the popular American comedian "Smiling Bill" Parsons.

Not the least attractive part of the Coronet programme is the capital music furnished by the Coronet Orchestra which adds materially to the enjoyment derivable from the show. The current programme will be shown to-day and again to-morrow.

Owing to the great havoc wrought by foxes in killing young lambs among the mountains, a large number of keepers and farmers in the Barnmouth district organised a hunt, and shot eleven foxes.

CORRESPONDENCE.

EMPIRE MEMORIAL HOSTEL FOR OUR MERCHANT SEAMEN.

[To the Editor of the "China Mail."] Dear Sir,—May I through your pages tell all those who have helped to raise funds for the Memorial Hostel (to be erected in the Port of London as the Empire's tribute to her Merchant Seamen) exactly the position of the scheme at the present time.

The original building which was estimated in 1915 to cost £55,000 will at present day prices cost £134,000. It has therefore been necessary to have further plans prepared, and at a meeting of the Committee held in January 1921 these were submitted and approved, and the building is to be commenced about July (by which time the site will be cleared). The new scheme will cost £55,000 and is a very fine structure, but will contain 220 cubicles instead of 420, although it has been arranged that a further 200 may be easily added later at a cost of £20,000. £100,000 has been raised and to complete the building as now planned, defray cost of site, furnishing and incidental expenses, as well as provide endowment, we still require £15,000.

I earnestly ask all those who have the welfare of our Seamen at heart to help me in this final effort in order that all the money needed may be raised before the foundation stone is laid in July. I shall gratefully receive and acknowledge any contribution addressed to me at Wakefield House, 32, Cheapside, London, E. C. 2.

Yours very truly,
BEATRICE DIMSDALE,
President.

April 4, 1921.

THE K.B.G.C.

POPULAR MEMBER GOING HOME.

PRESENTATION TO MR. MCIVER.

At the Kowloon Bowling Green Club last evening, a very interesting little function took place when Mr. M. McIver, an old and popular member of the club was presented with a handsome inlaid tea tray and a silver cake dish, as mementoes of the esteem in which he is held by the members of the club. Mr. McIver is shortly leaving for home on retirement from the Harbour Office where he has for many years acted as Inspector of Junks and Chief Boating Officer.

Mr. J. N. R. Allen, the President of the Club, made the presentation in the presence of a large number of members. In making the presentation, Mr. Allen said that they had met there that evening to present to Mr. McIver a souvenir which would remind him of the many happy days he had spent at the Club. Last year they won the League, and it was only fair to say that this result was largely due to Mr. McIver who was a consistently good player. Mr. McIver was an excellent Club man, and they would be sorry to lose him. At the same time they hoped he would be happy in his retirement. Mr. McIver thanked the members for the great honour they had done him and expressed his regret at having to leave so many good friends. He could assure them he had always done his best for the Club, both at the bowls and in the Golfing Section.

After the members had drunk Mr. McIver's health and sung "For he's a jolly good fellow," Mr. Allen called upon Mr. Mackenzie, an old friend of Mr. McIver's, to make a few remarks. Mr. Mackenzie recalled the fact that he and Mr. McIver were the last survivors of a group who came out to the Colony in 1891. They both came from the same part of Scotland, Rosshire. "We came out together, you know," he continued, "and knowing that I was gifted with superior common sense they put him in my charge. Well, you can see what a good job I have made of him. (Laughter). I needed no assistance from him either." (Laughter).

MAD MOTORIST.

BRIGHTON SENSATION.

MAN CHASED ON PARADE.

The adventures of a motor-car with a madman at the wheel caused a stir at Brighton. A powerful grey car was travelling at great speed, and the first indication that anything was wrong with the driver, who had come from London, was a collision with another car on the Grand Parade, opposite Edward street.

The driver of the first car did not stop, and shortly afterwards there was a second collision with a van. In spite of signals from the police, he still did not stop. Another car, two constables went in pursuit, the chase being seen by hundreds of people.

Eventually the car was run to earth near the West Pier. The driver, identified as a London man, has been certified insane and taken to a private asylum.

OLD CARTRIDGES.

TRADED AS SCRAP BRASS.

A TECHNICAL OFFENCE.

At the Magistracy this morning, Mr. T. H. King D.S.P., mentioned to Magistrate Lindell the case in which the firm of Mak Wing was charged with unlawful possession of 11 tons of empty cartridge cases contrary to the Ammunition Ordinance, and with misdescription of the cases in connection with the export permit.

Mr. King said that he understood that Mr. Tinson, who appeared for the defendants, agreed that these cartridges came within the definition of ammunition as laid down in the Ordinance, and he was prepared to give an undertaking that they would be mutilated, to the satisfaction of the police, so that they might come outside the definition. He was prepared therefore to ask the Court to record a conviction and only impose a nominal fine, on the first charge, and he would withdraw the charge of misdescription.

Mr. G. G. N. Tinson said that the defendant was prepared to plead guilty to a technical offence. The facts were that a similar trade had been going on for a very long time; these old cartridges were imported and exported purely as scrap brass. With regard to the cartridges taken off a ship going to Canton, his clients thought it would be all right if the cartridges were hammered, and this had been done. Some were found which were not hammered, but in the ordinary course they would have been hammered before being exported. The firm had been in this business for many years. Some years ago it was the custom to report every consignment received to the police, but a police officer now dead, had told the firm that the consignments need not be reported so long as the cartridges were hammered. The defendants were prepared to give an undertaking that all the cartridges would be rendered absolutely useless. The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$20.

T.K.K. OPIUM FINES.

REBATE SOUGHT.

WHERE HONGKONG DETECTIVES FAILED.

The Toyo Kisen Kaisha Steamship Company petitioned the United States District Court, San Francisco for relief from the payment of \$8,960, representing fines imposed by custom officials upon the steamship company for having aboard the steamer "Korea Maru" 266 tins of opium not described in the manifest when the vessel docked at that port on January 6. The steamship company avers it had no knowledge that the contraband drug was aboard the vessel and that at Hongkong six ship detectives failed to find any narcotics. When custom inspectors searched the "Korea Maru" 69 tins were found on January 3 and 197 tins on January 6.

KWANGSI ATTACK.

KOCHOW REPORTED PILLAGED.

ADVANCE OF INVADERS.

Reliable information has been received by a certain firm in Shanghai from Kochow stating that the place was pillaged and looted by Kwangsi troops who have already crossed the borders. In view of the impending danger of a possible invasion of the province by the Kwangsi militarists, Cantonese troops are now on the march to the borders to check the advance of the invaders.—*Canton Times*.

WHY

DO RHEUMATIC PAINS OFTEN FORETELL RAIN?

Persons who suffer from rheumatism, or some other bodily disorders of a similar nature, frequently maintain that they can tell when a storm is approaching, by the increasing frequency of their pains and the sharpness with which these dart through their body. Predictions of this sort are often attributed to imagination or to coincidence, while, as a matter of fact, they have a very solid foundation of truth.

The human body is comparable to a barometer in that it quickly reacts to changes of air pressure because of the air in the intercellular spaces beneath the skin. When the air pressure on the outside of the body decreases—as it does before a storm—the outward pressure in these cells increases in a direct ratio, and in the case of diseased or abnormal conditions such as rheumatism, gout, and the like, causes additional pain. There is an old proverb, which describes the process quite accurately by saying:

"A cooling storm your shooting joints drives,
And aches will throb, your
low tooth will rage."

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PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS (South)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"MAGOTA"	7,000	16th May at 10 a.m.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said, Marseilles and London.
"PLASSY"	7,346	11th June	Marseilles, London & A'warp.
"DELTA"	8,000	25th June	Marseilles, London & A'warp.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"JAPAN"	6,100	21st May	Calcutta, via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ST. ALBANS"	5,000	29th May	Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, and Melbourne.
"EASTERN"	4,500	29th June	

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ALIPORK"	4,300	22nd May	Japan via Shanghai.
"PLASSY"	7,346	25th May	Shanghai only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

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FUSHIMI MARU (out, Manila) ... Tuesday, 31st May, at 11 a.m.

KASHIMA MARU (out, Manila) ... Friday, 17th June, at 11 a.m.

SUWA MARU (out, Manila) ... Tuesday, 14th July, at 11 a.m.

LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said & Marseilles.

KAMO MARU ... Monday, 16th May, at 11 a.m.

IYO MARU ... Friday, 27th May, at 11 a.m.

ATSUTA MARU ... Friday, 10th June, at 11 a.m.

HAMBURG, LONDON, HULL & ROTTERDAM.

LIVERPOOL & MARSEILLES via Suez.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Island, Townsville & Brisbane.

AKI MARU ... Monday, 23rd May, at 11 a.m.

TANGO MARU ... Tuesday, 21st June, at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK via Suez.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via Cape.

AWA MARU ... Saturday, 16th June.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO via Singapore.

TATSUMI MARU ... Sunday, 12nd May.

CAIRO & RANGOON via Singapore & Penang.

YAGATO MARU ... End of May.

JAPAN PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama.

TANGO MARU ... Sunday, 22nd May, at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA.

KIRIN MARU ... Sunday, 16th May.

MURORAN MARU ... Friday, 20th May.

KAGA MARU ... Thursday, 26th May, at 11 a.m.

For further information apply to NIPPON YUSEN KAISEA, S. YASUDA, Manager.

Telephone No. 222.

VICTORY AT THE HOTEL.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

May 16.

Capt. Adams Mr. and Mrs. A. J. J.

Mr. T. W. Anderson, John

Mr. L. Henry Ash Mr. and Mrs. R. B.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Karanika

Mr. R. B. Bannerman Capt. & Mrs. Larkins

Mr. J. E. de Beau Miss H. Lillie

Champer Mr. M. Lord

Mr. R. R. Bellhouse Mr. and Mrs. H.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Lister

Benison Mr. P. Marks

Mr. & Mrs. S. Bismy Mr. W. I. McCarthy

Mr. Blackburn Mr. A. C. McCull

Mr. D. G. Brock

Dr. J. G. Lyon Capt. O. B. Meacham

Mr. J. S. Gardiner Mr. R. P. Scott

Mr. V. S. Giles Capt. G. L. Smith

Mr. J. R. Gray Mr. W. V. de Steen

Miss E. Rader Sir Eric & Lady

Capt. T. P. Hall Stuart Taylor

Mr. J. Scott Halston Mr. H. C. Taylor

Mr. G. R. Haywood Mr. A. Terrell

Mr. J. H. Hooper Mr. A. A. Turner

Mr. J. L. Hopkins Mr. H. de H. Uberti

Mr. J. E. Ireland Mr. and Mrs. J. W.

Mr. and Mrs. A. de Mr. E. B. Williams

Mr. R. S. James Mrs. E. Winsnes

Mr. H. W. Bird Misses Dumas (2)

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. & Mrs. C. Montague

Eds

CARLTON HOTEL.

April 4.

Mrs. J. A. Oct Mr. J. M. Po pa

Mr. R. G. Alteman Mr. W. W. Mallory

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. W. B. S. L. Mase

Amstrong Miss McManis

Miss A. R. Long Mr. J. C. Mead

Mr. V. V. Barrett Mr. H. Merriam

Mr. J. Berwick Miss Nizay

Mr. W. J. Booker Mr. J. Park

Mr. D. Brett Miss W. Patrick

Mr. R. P. Brown Mr. M. F. Peterson

Mrs. F. E. Cameron Mr. J. Richard

Cap. R. C. Candee Mr. J. A. Robertson

Miss H. Chidley Mr. and Mrs. F. J.

Mr. C. Campbell Schwartz

Miss L. Deane Mr. J. P. Shield

Mr. M. M. Donoghue Mr. F. Sloat

Mr. N. E. Egan Miss R. L. Smith

Miss F. O. Ervin Mr. and Mrs. Chas. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Evans Smith

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Mr. S. Stevenson

Glover Dr. Strimling

Mr. Wm. J. J. Gor Mr. A. N. Taylor

Mr. T. R. Green Capt. J. Thomson

Mr. B. Halting Mr. and Mrs. T.

Mr. B. Haslam Miss Tomes

Mr. A. Haslam Mr. and Mrs. W.

Mr. R. H. Hader Mr. J. P. Leach

Mr. R. H. Henderson Mr. and Mrs. H. W.

Mr. M. E. Herre Mr. and Mrs. Chas. J.

Mr. Hibbard children

Master Hibbard

FEAK HOTEL

May 8.

Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Karanika

Mr. W. Anderson Mr. and Mrs. R. B.

Amstrong Miss McManis

Mr. and Mrs. Ashton Miss Kookolevsky

Mr. K. H. Ammiller Mr. J. E. Krug

Surgeon-Comdr. and Mr. B. C. Laks

Mr. A. Aving Mr. J. P. Leach

Mr. R. C. Bell Mr. and Mrs. Langridge

Mr. E. O. Bird Mr. J. D. Lloyd

Mr. L. R. Blacking Mr. R. MacGregor

Mr. D. K. Blair Mr. and Mrs. J. F.

Mr. M. J. Breen Capt. & Mrs. S. M. M.

Mr. M. J. Breen Mr. A. C. Newcomb

Mr. J. G. Bridger Mr. A. H. Penn

Mr. H. B. Bridger Mr. and Mrs. T. L.

Comdr. and Mrs. O. M. Perkins

Mr. C. H. Carne Mr. and Mrs. W. E.

Mr. G. R. Carle Mr. and Mrs. R. K.

Miss Clarke

Mr. and Mrs. Cooper Mr. H. W. Borer

Mr. Cornack Major & Mrs. Sanders

Mr. R. Orviley Mrs. L. Simpson

Mr. D. F. Outhill Mr. A. Findlay Smith

Mr. J. D. Danby Mr. and Mrs. G. G.

Col. C. W. Davey Smith

THE WATER SUPPLY.

Level and Storage of water in reservoirs

on the 1st May, 1921.

OFF AND RILL RESERVE WATER WORKS

LEVEL.

1921.

1920.

1919.

1918.

1917.

1916.

1915.

1914.

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1911.

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1835.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

"REN" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From LEITH MIDDLEBERG.

LONDON AND STRAITS.

